South Dakota Department of Agriculture and Natural Resources

Air Quality Program

Air Quality Program Overview

South Dakota's Air Quality Program does the following:

- Monitoring and Permitting to meet the National Ambient Air Quality Standards
- Regional Haze Program
- Diesel Emission Reduction and Volkswagen Trust Fund
- Radon

Monitoring Section

6 - Scientists



Black Hawk Site

Permitting Section

7 – Engineers and 1 – Program Assistant



National Ambient Air Quality Standards

Primary Standards - provide public health protection

Asthmatics, children, and the elderly

Secondary Standards – public welfare protection

Decrease visibility and damage to animals, crops, vegetation, and buildings

Air Pollutants Monitored

- Particulate matter
- Sulfur dioxide
- Nitrogen dioxide
- Ozone
- Carbon monoxide

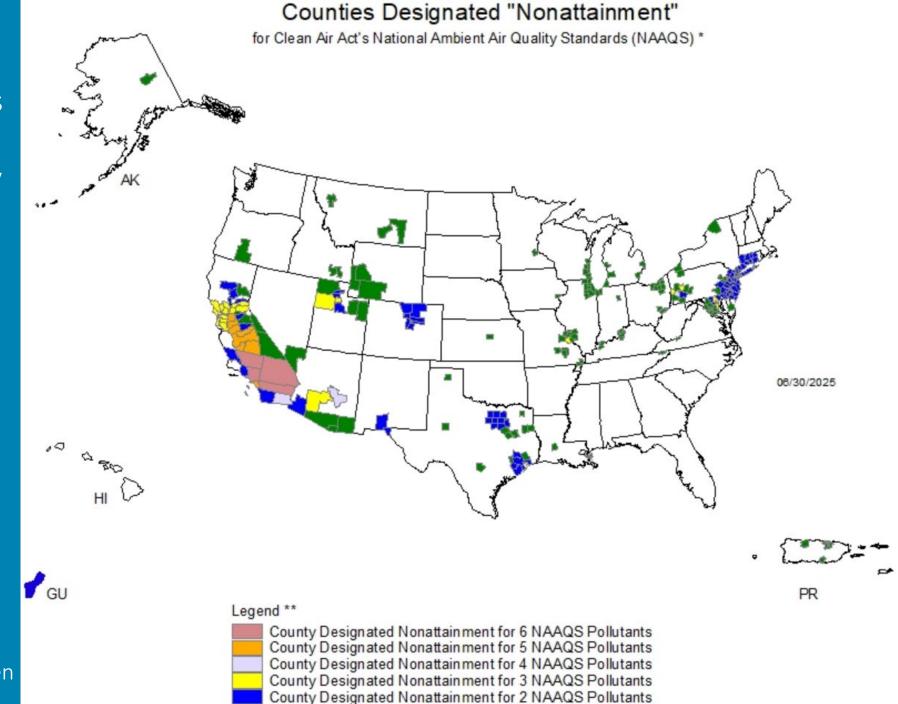


Sioux Falls USD Site

Ambient Air Monitoring Sites



There are currently 18 states that are in attainment for all National Ambient Air Quality Standards including South Dakota



County Designated Nonattainment for 1 NAAQS Pollutant

https://www3.epa.gov/airquality/green book/mapnpoll.html





Smoke School

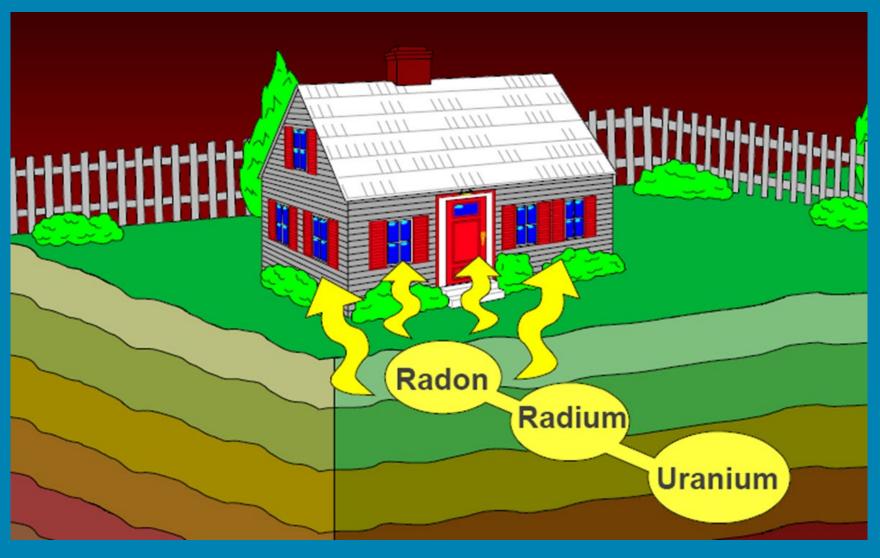
- DANR no longer hosts smoke school
- Two private companies now host smoke schools throughout the state for Method
 9 Certification
 - AeroMet
 - Compliance Assurance Associates

Diesel Emission Reduction



- Diesel Emission Reduction Act and Volkswagen Trust Fund has provided rebates on clean diesel trucks, busses, and electric vehicle charging stations
- DANR attempts to do outreach for applications once a year for trucks and busses and less frequently for vehicle charging stations
- Visit DANR website for more info

Radon



- DANR provides 500 free radon test kits to residents of South Dakota annually
- There is a toll-free number for information request and guidance: 1-800-438-3367

Air Quality Permitting

- Issue permits to control and regulate air pollutants
- Assist small businesses subject to federal regulations
- Inspect businesses to ensure compliance

Regulated Air Pollutants

- Particulate matter with a diameter less than or equal to 2.5 microns (PM2.5);
- Particulate matter with a diameter less than or equal to 10 microns (PM10);
- Sulfur dioxide (SO2);
- Nitrogen oxides (NOx);
- Carbon monoxide (CO);
- Ozone measured as volatile organic compounds (VOCs); and
- Lead

Potential Requirements

- Maximum Achievable Control Technology
- New Source Performance Standards
- New Source Review
- Acid Rain Program
- National Events Action Plan (Rapid City Area)
- Stack Testing
- Inspections
- Reporting and recordkeeping

Examples of Regulated Operations

- Power Plants
- Ethanol Plants
- Hospitals
- Universities
- Grain elevators
- Asphalt Plants
- Emergency and non-emergency generators

Area Sources

- Stationary sources whose potential to emit is less than 25 tons of regulated pollutant per year, but subject to federal requirements
- Not required to be permitted
- Application Fee: Not applicable

Minor Permit

- Stationary sources whose potential to emit is between 25 and 100 tons per year of a regulated pollutant
- Public Notice: 30-day public notice
- Application Fee: Not applicable

Construction Permit

- Applicable to new stationary sources or existing stationary sources that modify operations
- Public Notice: 30-day public notice
- Application Fee: \$138, if a major source
- Valid for the duration of the project

Title V Permit (Major Source)

- Source emits 100 tons per year of regulated pollutant or greater, greater than 10 tons per year of one hazardous air pollutant or greater than 25 tons per year of a combination of the 188 hazardous air pollutants, or applicable to federal standards
- Public Notice: 30 days and 45 days to EPA
- Application Fee: \$138
- Subject to annual air fee based on emissions

Prevention of Significant Deterioration Preconstruction Permit

- Stationary sources whose potential to emit more than 250 tons per year of any criteria pollutant
- Stationary sources whose potential to emit more than 100 tons per year of any criteria pollutant for 28 source categories
- Public Notice: 30 days
- Application Fee: Not Applicable

Permit Renewal

- Submit Application
- Submit application fee, if applicable
- Subject to public notice
- Permits are valid for five years. Facility may continue operating under an expired permit if a complete application is submitted prior to expiration date.

General Permits

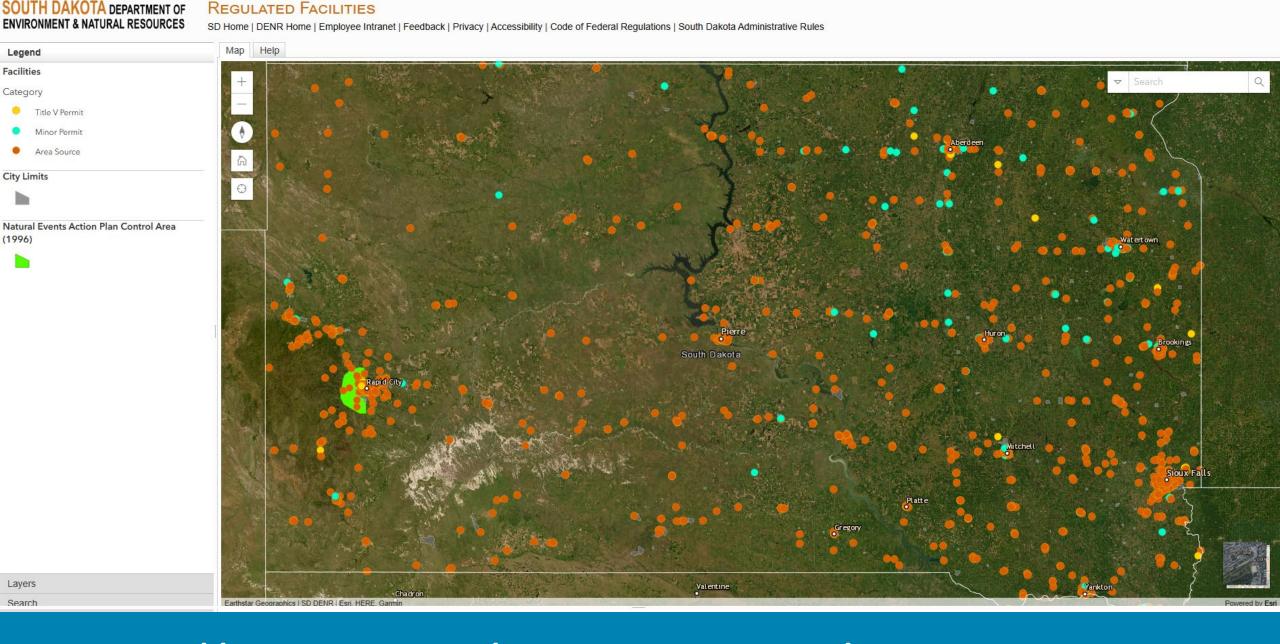
- May be portable or stationary, minor source, or Title V source
- Asphalt Plants
 - Annual flat fee: \$333
- Rock Crushers
 - Annual flat fee: \$446
- Concrete Plants
- Grain Elevators

Do I need to submit an application?

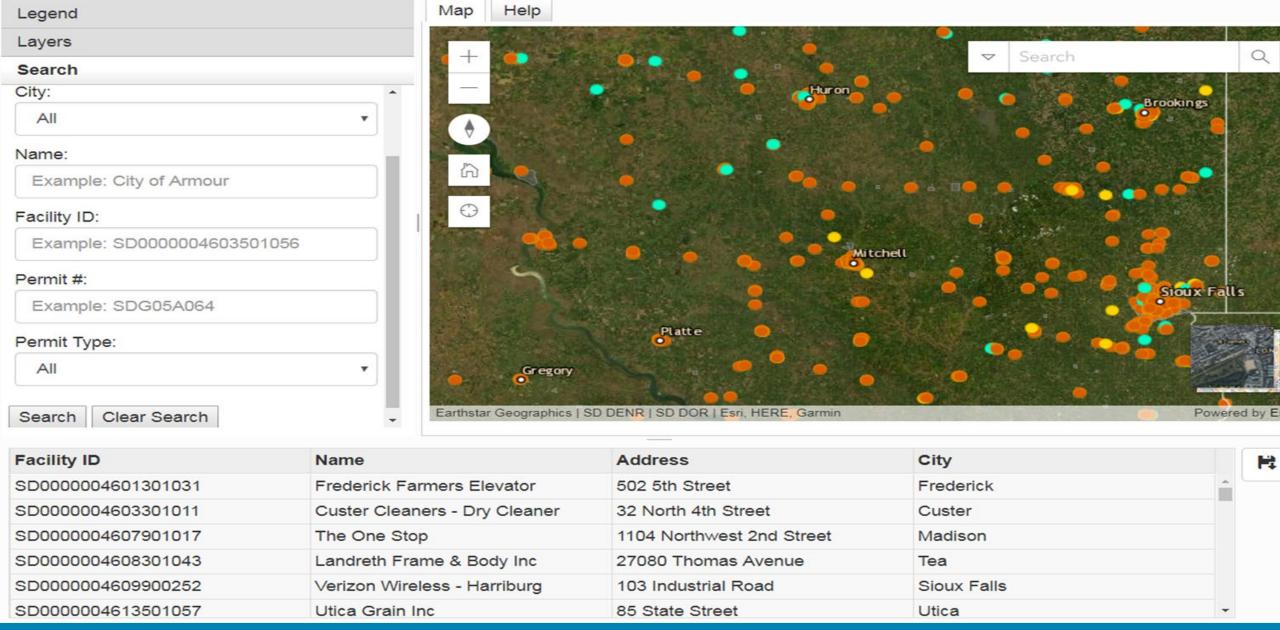
- Does your business vent air pollution to the outdoors through a stack or other type of venting system?
- No state or federal regulations that regulate odors
 - Local ordinances which address odors
- No state or federal regulations that regulate dust from gravel roads.
 - Local government controls dust from the gravel road
 - Dust control options include watering, using a dust suppressant, or paving the gravel road

Permit Process/Timeline

- 90 to 180 days to issue or modify an air quality construction permit
- Remember that an air quality permit must be issued or modified before installing the equipment or operation
- Applications: https://danr.sd.gov/Environment/AirQuality/PermitForms/Applications.aspx



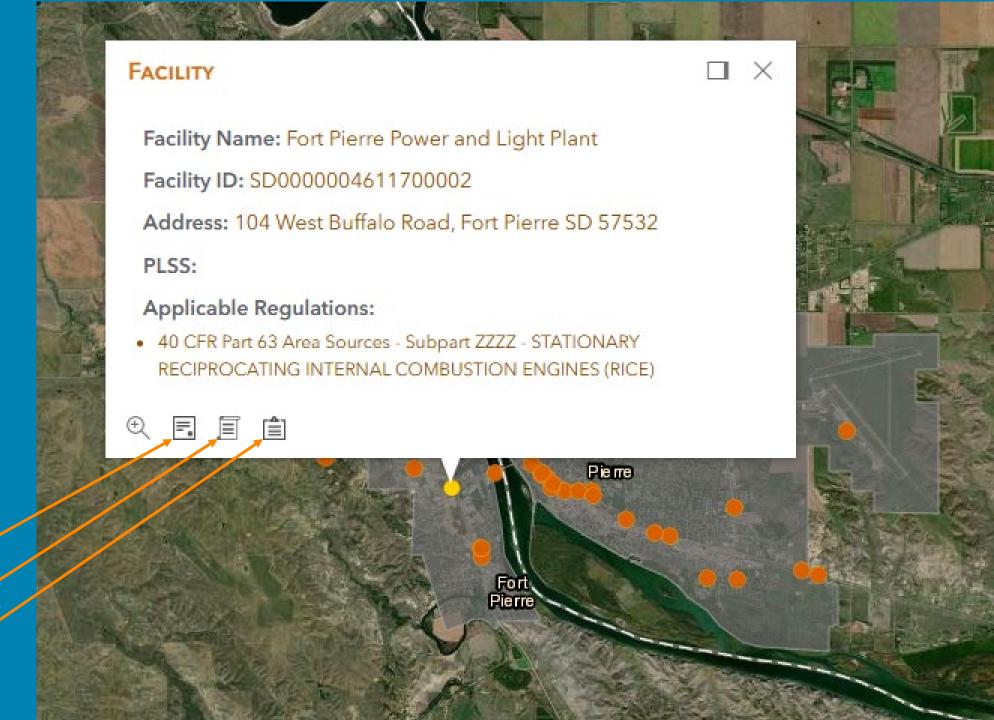
https://apps.sd.gov/NR34AirQuality/public.aspx



Search function can pull up individual facilities or cities

Clicking on one of the facility dots will give information about the facility as can be seen to the right

- Current Permit
- Statement of Basis
- Last Inspection



Questions?

For specific questions or problems with permit applications, feel free to call the DANR air quality program at (605) 773 - 3151